BILL HISTORY FOR ASSEMBLY BILL 354 (LRB -0375)

BILL HISTORY FOR ASSEMBLY BILL 354 (LRB -0375)

An Act to repeal 19.01 (4) (c) 2., 48.065 (title). 48.065 (2) to (4), 753.175, 757.68 (2) (title). 757.68 (3), (4) and (5) (title), 757.69 (6), 757.695, 757.72 (3), 30.14 (4), 767.13 (5) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (5) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7), 757.72 (7), 757.72 (1), 757.72 (5), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (2) (a), 767.13 (5) (a), 767.13 (5), 757.69 (3), 757.69 (3), 757.69 (7), 757.72 relating to: powers, responsibilities, and appointment of court commissioners.

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	04–24.	A.	Introduced by Representative Gundrum.
	04–24.	A.	Read first time and referred to committee on Judiciary
	05–31.	A.	Public hearing held.
`	09–27.	A.	Executive action taken.
	10-02.	A.	Report passage recommended by committee on Judiciary, Ayes 8, Noes 0
	10-02.	A.	Referred to committee on Rules
	10-30.	A.	Placed on calendar 11–1–2001 by committee on Rules.
	11-01.	A.	Read a second time
	11-01.	A.	Ordered to a third reading
	11–01.	A.	Rules suspended 503 Road a third time and 503
	11-01.	A.	Read a third time and passed
	11–01.	A.	Ordered immediately messaged
	11-06.	S.	Received from Assembly
	11-06.	S.	Read first time and referred to committee on Judiciary, Consumer Affairs, and Campaign Finance Reform 449
	12-18.	S.	Public hearing held.
20	02		
	02-13.	S.	Executive action taken.
	02–20.	S.	Report concurrence recommended by committee on Judiciary, Consumer Affairs, and Campaign Finance Reform, Ayes 5, Noes 0
	02-20.	S.	Available for scheduling.
	03–11.	S.	Placed on calendar 3–12–2002 by committee on Senate Organization.
	03–12.	S.	Read a second time.

- 03-12. S. Ordered to a third reading.
- 03-12. S. Rules suspended.
- Read a third time and concurred in.
 Ordered immediately messaged. 03-12. S.
- 03-12. S.
- 03-14. A. Received from Senate concurred in.

2001 ENROLLED BILL

01en_AB-354

ADOPTED DOCUMENTS:		
\sim	1mdt	
Amendments to above (if none, write "N	IONE"):	
Corrections – show date (if none, write	"NONE"):	
Topic Court Commissions		
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April 24, 2001 – Introduced by Representative Gundrum. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

 $m AN\ ACT\ \emph{to\ repeal}\ 19.01\ (4)\ (c)\ 2.,\ 48.065\ (title),\ 48.065\ (2)\ to\ (4),\ 753.175,\ 757.68$ 1 2 (2) (title), 757.68 (3), (4) and (5) (title), 757.69 (6), 757.695, 757.72 (title), 757.72 3 $(2), 757.72 \ (3), 757.72 \ (4), 757.72 \ (6), 757.72 \ (7), 757.72 \ (8), 757.81 \ (2), 767.13$ (title), 767.13 (2) (title), 767.13 (2) (b), (3) and (4), 767.13 (5) (title) and (a) (title), 4 5 767.13 (5) (b) (title), 767.13 (5) (c) (title), 767.13 (6), 767.13 (7) (title), 767.17 and 6 938.065; to renumber and amend 48.065 (1), 757.68 (2), 757.68 (5), 757.69 (1) (g), 757.69 (3), 757.69 (4) and (5), 757.69 (7), 757.72 (1), 757.72 (5), 767.13 (1), 7 767.13 (2) (a), 767.13 (5) (a), 767.13 (5) (b), 767.13 (5) (c) and 767.13 (7); to 8 9 amend 13.24 (1), 19.01 (4) (c) 1., 19.01 (4) (c) 4., 40.08 (9m), 46.03 (3), 48.06 (1) 10 (a) 2., 48.208 (4), 48.21 (1) (a), 48.21 (1) (b), 48.21 (4) (intro.), 48.21 (7), 48.213 (1) (a), 48.213 (1) (b), 48.213 (3) (intro.), 48.213 (6), 48.227 (4) (a), 48.30 (9), 48.32 11 12 (1), 48.32 (1b), 48.32 (2) (a), 48.32 (6), 49.852 (3), 49.854 (2) (c), 49.854 (3) (ag) 13 $2., 49.854 \ (3) \ (ar), 49.854 \ (3) \ (b), 49.854 \ (5) \ (f), 49.854 \ (6) \ (c), 49.854 \ (7) \ (c), 49.854$ (7m), 49.855 (3), 49.855 (4m) (b), 49.856 (4), 49.857 (2) (c) 1., 49.857 (3) (ac), 14

1	49.857 (3) (ar), 49.858 (3), 51.10 (4m) (d), 51.20 (1) (c), 51.45 (12) (b) (intro.),
2	51.45 (12) (c) (intro.), 51.45 (12) (c) 1., 51.45 (13) (dm), 59.37, 59.40 (2) (j), 59.53
3	(5) (a), 59.64 (1) (c) (title), 1. (intro.) and 2., 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.), 59.64 (1) (d) 1.
4	(intro.), 59.64 (1) (d) 1m. (form), 59.64 (1) (e), 59.64 (1) (f), 59.64 (1) (g) 4., 59.79
5	(5), 63.03 (2) (z), 69.15 (3m) (a) 3. and 4., 75.43, 101.02 (5) (c), 103.005 (5) (c),
6	133.10 (1), 133.11 (1), 133.11 (3), 171.04 (1), 171.04 (2), 171.04 (3), 171.05,
7	171.06, 196.24 (2), 196.675 (3), 563.71 (1) (a), 563.71 (1) (c), 757.23, 757.24,
8	757.30 (2), 757.68 (title), 757.69 (title), 757.69 (1) (b), 757.69 (1) (j), 757.69 (1)
9	(m), 757.69 (2) (intro.), 757.69 (2) (a), 757.70 (2), 757.81 (6), 757.85 (1) (a), 757.85
10	(1) (b), 757.85 (3), 757.85 (4), 757.85 (5), 757.87 (1), 757.89, 757.93 (1) (a), 757.93
11	(1) (b), 757.93 (2), 757.93 (4) (a), 757.95, 757.99, 765.11 (1), 765.11 (2), 765.16
12	(5), 767.045 (1) (c) (intro.), 767.081 (title), 767.081 (1), 767.081 (2) (a) (intro.),
13	767.081 (2) (b), 767.083 (2), 767.085 (1) (i), 767.085 (1) (j) (intro.), 767.085 (3),
14	767.087 (1) (b), 767.087 (1) (c), 767.087 (2), 767.11 (1) (c), 767.11 (5) (a), 767.11
15	(5) (b), 767.11 (5) (c), 767.11 (6), 767.11 (7), 767.11 (13), 767.115 (1) (a), 767.115
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17	2., 767.12 (1), 767.125, 767.14, 767.145 (1), 767.15 (1), 767.16, 767.23 (1) (intro.),
18	767.23 (1) (a), 767.23 (1) (am), 767.23 (1m), 767.23 (1n), 767.242 (3) (b), 767.242
19	(3) (c), 767.242 (5) (a), 767.242 (5) (b) (intro.), 767.242 (5) (b) 2. c., 767.242 (5)
20	(c), 767.242 (5) (d), 767.242 (6) (a), 767.247, 767.25 (4m) (f) 2., 767.265 (1),
21	767.265 (2h), 767.265 (2m) (b), 767.265 (2r), 767.267 (1), 767.267 (5), 767.27 (2),
22	$767.29\ (title),\ 767.29\ (1)\ (c),\ 767.29\ (1)\ (d),\ 767.29\ (1)\ (e),\ 767.29\ (1m)\ (b),\ 767.29\ (2m)\ (2m$
23	(3) (a), 767.29 (3) (b), 767.293 (1), 767.293 (2), 767.293 (3), 767.32 (1) (a), 767.327
24	(2) (c), 767.33 (2), 767.37 (1) (a), 767.37 (2), 767.45 (5) (b), 767.455 (5) (form),
25	767.458 (1m), 767.46 (1), 767.463, 767.465 (2) (a), 767.62 (2) (b), 767.62 (3) (b),

1	767.62 (4) (intro.), 769.102, 769.302, 782.01 (3), 782.03, 782.28, 799.03, 799.05
2	(7) (intro.), 799.06 (1), 799.11 (3), 799.20 (4), 799.206 (1), (2) and (4), 799.207
3	(title), 799.207 (1) (a), 799.207 (1) (b), 799.207 (1) (e), 799.207 (2) (intro.),
4	799.207 (3) (b), 799.209 (1) to (4), 799.21 (3) (b), 799.21 (4), 799.24 (1), 799.24
5	(3), 799.26 (1), 803.01 (3) (b) 1., 807.02, 807.04 (1), 807.09 (1), 812.30 (2), 813.025
6	(1), 813.12 (2) (a), 813.12 (2) (b), 813.12 (3) (a), 813.12 (3) (am), 813.12 (3) (c),
7	813.12 (3) (d), 813.12 (4) (a) (intro.), 813.12 (4) (a) 3., 813.12 (4) (am), 813.12 (4)
8	(b), 813.12 (4m) (a) 2., 813.12 (4m) (b) (intro.), 813.12 (4m) (b) 2., 813.12 (5) (c),
9	813.12 (6) (a), 813.12 (7m), 813.122 (3) (a), 813.122 (3) (b) (intro.), 813.122 (3)
10	(bm), 813.122 (4) (a) (intro.), 813.122 (4) (a) 1., 813.122 (4) (a) 2., 813.122 (5m)
11	(a) 2., 813.122 (5m) (b) (intro.), 813.122 (5m) (b) 2., 813.122 (9) (a), 813.123 (3)
12	(a), 813.123 (3) (b) (intro.), 813.123 (4) (a), 813.123 (8) (a), 813.125 (3) (a) (intro.),
13	813.125 (3) (a) 2., 813.125 (3) (c), 813.125 (4) (a) (intro.), 813.125 (4) (a) 2.,
14	813.125 (4) (a) 3., 813.125 (4m) (a), 813.125 (4m) (c) 2., 813.125 (4m) (d) (intro.),
15	813.125 (4m) (d) 2., 813.125 (5) (am), 814.615 (3), 814.68 (title), 814.68 (1)
16	(intro.), 814.68 (1) (a), 814.68 (1) (b) (intro.), 814.68 (1) (b) 1., 814.68 (2), 816.03
17	(1) (b), 816.035 (1) and (2), 818.02 (6), 879.61, 885.10, 885.12, 887.26 (7), 898.02,
18	898.04, 898.11, 906.15 (1), 906.15 (2) (d), 906.15 (3), 911.01 (1), 938.06 (1) (a) 2.,
19	938.208 (4), 938.21 (1) (a), 938.21 (1) (b), 938.21 (2) (c), 938.21 (4) (intro.), 938.21
20	(4m), 938.21 (7), 938.30 (9), 938.32 (1) (a), 938.32 (1d), 938.32 (1g) (intro.),
21	938.32 (1m) (intro.) and (a), 938.32 (1t) (a) 1., 938.32 (1t) (a) 1m., 938.32 (1t) (a)
22	3., 938.32 (1v), 938.32 (1x), 938.32 (2) (a), 938.32 (6), 940.203 (1) (b), 943.013 (1)
23	(b), 946.495, 967.07, 971.20 (3) (a), 973.20 (13) (c) 4., 977.05 (6) (b) 2., 979.05 (1),
24	979.05 (3), 979.05 (4), 979.05 (5), 979.05 (6), 979.06 (1), 979.06 (2), 979.06 (3),
25	979.06 (4) (intro.), 979.06 (5), 979.08 (1), 979.08 (3) (intro.), 979.08 (6), 979.08

1	(7) and 979.09; to repeal and recreate 17.16 (1), 757.68 (1), 757.69 (1) (intro.),
2	757.69 (1) (k) and 979.05 (2); and to create 757.001, 757.01 (4), 757.675 (title),
3	757.68 (5m), 757.68 (6), 757.68 (7), 757.69 (1) (g) 8. to 13., 757.69 (1m), 757.69
4	(2m) and 757.69 (8) of the statutes; relating to: powers, responsibilities, and
5	appointment of court commissioners.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law establishes the powers and duties of family, juvenile, probate, and part—time court commissioners. In addition, current law establishes how these court commissioners are appointed, who determines how many court commissioners shall be appointed, and whether they are classified or unclassified within their respective counties. Currently, some of the powers of each of the different court commissioners are specified in the statutes related to their subject area, such as juvenile court commissioners' duties in chapters 48 and 938 of the statutes. Other duties of these court commissioners are specified in the general court statutes.

In supreme court order 97–10, the supreme court created chapter 75 of the supreme court rules. Those rules, effective January 1, 1999, created two types of court commissioners, circuit court commissioners (formerly included family, juvenile, small claims, and probate court commissioners) and supplemental court commissioners (formerly part—time court commissioners). Under these rules, all circuit court commissioners are appointed by the chief judge of their judicial administrative district. The powers of those circuit court commissioners are as specified by statute, except that the chief judge may, under the rules, authorize the powers that a specific circuit court commissioner may perform. Chapter 75 of the supreme court rules also authorizes the chief judge to allow a supplemental court commissioner to perform specific duties of a circuit court commissioner on a temporary basis.

This bill consolidates all of the powers and duties of court commissioners into one chapter of the statutes and codifies chapter 75 of the supreme court rules related to the appointment and authority of court commissioners. The bill creates two types of court commissioners, circuit court commissioners and supplemental court commissioners, and gives the chief judge of the judicial administrative district the power to appoint the circuit court commissioners. The bill does not change any of the powers and duties currently provided to court commissioners, but does specify that circuit court commissioners have, in addition to their own specified powers and

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duties, all of those powers and duties provided to supplemental court commissioners, as court commissioners have under current law.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 13.24 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 13.24 (1) After the service of the notice required by s. 13.23 either party may proceed to take the depositions of witnesses before any judge, circuit or supplemental court commissioner or a municipal judge in the district where the contest is pending, upon giving 10 days' notice in writing to the opposite party of the time and place at which and the officer before whom such depositions will be taken. No deposition shall be taken after the last Monday preceding the day fixed by law for the meeting of the legislature, except in case of sickness or unavoidable absence of witnesses. **SECTION 2.** 17.16 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read: 17.16 (1) Removals from office at pleasure shall be made by order, a copy of which shall be filed as provided by sub. (8), except that a copy of the order of removal of a circuit court commissioner shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. **SECTION 3.** 19.01 (4) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 19.01 (4) (c) 1. All circuit and supplemental court commissioners. SECTION 4. 19.01 (4) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 5. 19.01 (4) (c) 4. of the statutes is amended to read: 19.01 (4) (c) 4. All judges or judicial officers, not included in subds. 1. to and 3., elected or appointed for that county, or whose jurisdiction is limited to that county.

SECTION 6. 40.08 (9m) of the statutes is amended to read:

40.08 (9m) Guardians. An application for a benefit, a designation of a beneficiary or any other document which has a long-term effect on a person's rights and benefits under this chapter and which requires a signature may be signed and filed by a guardian of the estate when accompanied by a photocopy or facsimile of an order of guardianship issued by a circuit court judge or a register in probate or a probate circuit court commissioner who is assigned the authority to issue such orders under s. 757.72 (2) or (5) 851.73 (1) (g).

SECTION 7. 46.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

46.03 (3) TRUSTEE DUTY. Take and hold in trust, whenever it considers acceptance advantageous, all property transferred to the state to be applied to any specified purpose, use or benefit pertaining to any of the institutions under its control or the inmates thereof, and apply the same in accordance with the trust; and when ordered by the court, act as trustee of funds paid for the support of any child if appointed by the court or family a circuit court commissioner under s. 767.475 (7).

SECTION 8. 48.06 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.06 (1) (a) 2. The chief judge of the judicial administrative district shall formulate written judicial policy governing intake and court services for child welfare matters under this chapter and the department shall be charged with executing the judicial policy. The chief judge shall direct and supervise the work of all personnel of the court, except the work of the district attorney or corporation counsel assigned to the court. The chief judge may delegate his or her supervisory functions under s. 48.065 (1).

SECTION 9. 48.065 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 10. 48.065 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 757.68 (3m) and amended to read:

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757.68 (3m) The board of supervisors of any county may authorize the chief
judge of the judicial administrative district to appoint establish one or more circuit
court commissioner positions on a part-time or full-time juvenile court
commissioners who basis to assist in matters affecting juveniles. A circuit court
commissioner under this subsection shall serve at the discretion of the chief judge.
A juvenile court commissioner shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall
have been so licensed for at least 2 years immediately prior to appointment and shall
have a demonstrated interest in the welfare of children and unborn children. The
chief judge may assign law clerks, bailiffs and deputies to the court commissioner.
The chief judge shall supervise juvenile court commissioners, law clerks, bailiffs and
deputies, except that the chief judge may delegate any of those duties.

SECTION 11. 48.065 (2) to (4) of the statutes are repealed.

Section 12. 48.208 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.208 (4) Probable cause exists to believe that the child, having been placed in nonsecure custody by an intake worker under s. 48.207 (1) or by the judge or juvenile a circuit court commissioner under s. 48.21 (4), has run away or committed a delinquent act and no other suitable alternative exists.

SECTION 13. 48.21 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (a) If a child who has been taken into custody is not released under s. 48.20, a hearing to determine whether the child shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of ss. 48.205 to 48.209 shall be conducted by the judge or juvenile a circuit court commissioner within 48 hours of the time the decision to hold the child was made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. By the time of the hearing a petition under s. 48.25 shall be filed, except that no petition need be filed where a child is taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (b) or (d) 2. or 7. or where the

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child is a runaway from another state, in which case a written statement of the reasons for holding a child in custody shall be substituted if the petition is not filed. If no hearing has been held within 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, or if no petition or statement has been filed at the time of the hearing, the child shall be released except as provided in par. (b). A parent not present at the hearing shall be granted a rehearing upon request.

SECTION 14. 48.21 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, a child may be held in custody with approval of the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner for an additional 72 hours from the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that the child is an imminent danger to himself or herself or to others, that probable cause exists to believe that the parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child or other responsible adult is neglecting, refusing, unable or unavailable to provide adequate supervision and care or, if the child is an expectant mother who was taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the child expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the child expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The extension

may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall order the child's immediate release from custody.

SECTION 15. 48.21 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (4) CONTINUATION OF CUSTODY. (intro.) If the judge or juvenile <u>circuit</u> court commissioner finds that the child should be continued in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205, he or she shall enter one of the following orders:

SECTION 16. 48.21 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (7) Informal disposition. If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that the best interests of the child and the public are served or, in the case of a child expectant mother who has been taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., that the best interests of the unborn child and the public are served, he or she may enter a consent decree under s. 48.32 or order the petition dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for informal disposition in accordance with s. 48.245.

SECTION 17. 48.213 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.213 (1) (a) If an adult expectant mother of an unborn child who has been taken into custody is not released under s. 48.203, a hearing to determine whether the adult expectant mother shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of s. 48.205 (1m) shall be conducted by the judge or juvenile a circuit court commissioner within 48 hours after the time that the decision to hold the adult expectant mother was made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. By the time of the hearing a petition under s. 48.25 shall be filed, except that no petition need be filed when an adult expectant mother is taken into custody under s. 48.193 (1) (b) or (d) 1. or 3., in which case a written statement of the reasons for holding the

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adult expectant mother in custody shall be substituted if the petition is not filed. If no hearing has been held within those 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, or if no petition or statement has been filed at the time of the hearing, the adult expectant mother shall be released except as provided in par. (b).

SECTION 18. 48.213 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.213 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, an adult expectant mother of an unborn child may be held in custody with the approval of the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner for an additional 72 hours after the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the adult expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the adult expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall order the adult expectant mother's immediate release from custody.

SECTION 19. 48.213 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.213 (3) CONTINUATION OF CUSTODY. (intro.) If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner finds that the adult expectant mother should be continued in

custody under the criteria of s. 48.205 (1m), the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall enter one of the following orders:

SECTION 20. 48.213 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.213 (6) INFORMAL DISPOSITION. If the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner determines that the best interests of the unborn child and the public are served, the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner may enter a consent decree under s. 48.32 or order the petition dismissed and refer the matter to the intake worker for informal disposition in accordance with s. 48.245.

SECTION 21. 48.227 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.227 (4) (a) If the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian does not consent to the temporary care and housing of the child at the runaway home as provided under sub. (2) or (3), a hearing shall be held on the issue by the judge or juvenile a circuit court commissioner within 24 hours of the time that the child entered the runaway home, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. The intake worker shall notify the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian of the time, place and purpose of the hearing.

SECTION 22. 48.30 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.30 (9) If a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner conducts the plea hearing and accepts an admission of the alleged facts in a petition brought under s. 48.13 or 48.133, the judge shall review the admission at the beginning of the dispositional hearing by addressing the parties and making the inquiries set forth in sub. (8).

SECTION 23. 48.32 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (1) At any time after the filing of a petition for a proceeding relating to s. 48.13 or 48.133 and before the entry of judgment, the judge or juvenile a circuit court commissioner may suspend the proceedings and place the child or expectant

mother under supervision in the home or present placement of the child or expectant mother. The court may establish terms and conditions applicable to the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, to the child expectant mother and her parent, guardian or legal custodian or to the adult expectant mother, including the condition specified in sub. (1b). The order under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the child if 12 years of age or older, the parent, guardian or legal custodian, and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25; by the child expectant mother, her parent, guardian or legal custodian, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25, or by the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem and the person filing the petition under s. 48.25. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties.

SECTION 24. 48.32 (1b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (1b) The judge or juvenile a circuit court commissioner may, as a condition under sub. (1), request a court-appointed special advocate program to designate a court-appointed special advocate for the child to perform the activities specified in s. 48.236 (3) that are authorized in the memorandum of understanding under s. 48.07 (5) (a). A court-appointed special advocate designated under this subsection shall have the authority specified in s. 48.236 (4) that is authorized in the memorandum of understanding under s. 48.07 (5) (a).

SECTION 25. 48.32 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.32 (2) (a) A consent decree shall remain in effect up to 6 months unless the child, parent, guardian, legal custodian or expectant mother is discharged sooner by the judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner.

SECTION 26. 48.32 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.32 (6) The judge or juvenile circuit court commissioner shall inform the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian, or the adult expectant mother, in writing, of the right of the child or expectant mother to object to the continuation of the consent decree under sub. (3) and the fact that the hearing under which the child or expectant mother was placed on supervision may be continued to conclusion as if the consent decree had never been entered.

SECTION 27. 49.852 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.852 (3) If a person has requested a hearing pursuant to sub. (2) (b), the hearing shall be conducted before the circuit court that rendered the initial order to pay support. The court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving a request for a hearing. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. If the court determines that the person owes the amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b), the department of workforce development may direct the department of employee trust funds, the retirement system of any 1st class city, any retirement system established under chapter 201, laws of 1937, or the administrator of any other pension plan, whichever is appropriate, to withhold the amount from any lump sum payment from a pension plan that may be paid the person. If the court determines that the person does not owe the amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b), the department of workforce development may not direct the department of employee trust funds, the retirement system of any 1st class city, any retirement system established under chapter 201, laws of 1937, or the administrator of any other pension plan, whichever is appropriate, to withhold the amount from any lump sum payment from a pension plan that may be paid the person.

Section 28. 49.854 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (2) (c) Updating the statewide support lien docket. The department shall update the statewide support lien docket in response to orders issued by a court or family circuit court commissioner. The department shall periodically update the statewide support lien docket to reflect changes in the amounts of the liens contained in the docket.

SECTION 29. 49.854 (3) (ag) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (ag) 2. If the obligor disagrees with the determination of the department, the obligor may request a hearing with the court or a family circuit court commissioner to review the department's determination. To request a hearing under this subdivision, the obligor shall make the request within 5 business days of the date of the department's determination under subd. 1. The obligor shall make the request in writing and shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the county child support agency. If a timely request for a hearing is made under this subdivision, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall hold the hearing within 15 business days of the request. If, at the hearing, the obligor establishes that the lien is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to remove the lien from the statewide support lien docket or adjust the amount of the delinquent obligation.

SECTION 30. 49.854 (3) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (ar) *Direct appeal*. If the obligor has not requested a financial records and court order review under par. (ag), the obligor may request a hearing under this paragraph within 20 business days of the date of the notice under par. (a). The obligor shall make the request in writing and shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the county child support agency. If a timely request for a hearing is made under this paragraph, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule

a hearing within 10 days after the date of the request. If, at the hearing, the obligor establishes that the lien is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to remove the lien from the statewide support lien docket or adjust the amount of the delinquent obligation.

SECTION 31. 49.854 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (3) (b) Appeal. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts a hearing under par. (ag) or (ar), the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date of the decision by the family circuit court commissioner, request review of the decision by the court having jurisdiction over the action. The court conducting the review may order that the lien be withdrawn from the statewide support lien dockets or may order an adjustment of the amount of the delinquent obligation. If no appeal is sought or if the court does not order the withdrawal of the lien, the department may take appropriate actions to enforce the lien.

SECTION 32. 49.854 (5) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (5) (f) Hearings. A hearing requested under par. (d) 6. shall be conducted before the circuit court rendering the order to pay support. Within 45 business days after receiving a request for hearing under par. (d) 6., the court shall conduct the hearing. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the account holder owes the amount of support certified and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court

circuit court commissioner shall order the department to release all or a portion of the funds. If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the account holder does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department to return the seized funds or the excess of the seized funds over the amount of the delinquency to the account holder. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

SECTION 33. 49.854 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (6) (c) Hearing. If a hearing is requested under par. (b) 4., the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request under par. (b) 4. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the obligor owes the amount of support owed that is stated in the notice of seizure and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department to return the seized property within 15 business days. If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the obligor does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the

department, the court shall order the department to return the seized property within 15 business days or specify the amount which may be retained by the department after the sale of the seized property. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action. The court reviewing the decision may order the department to return the seized property or may authorize the sale of the property by the department. If the department is ordered to return seized property under this paragraph, the court shall instruct any state agency responsible for titling the property that it may transfer title to the property without receiving instructions from a court or the department under par. (a).

SECTION 34. 49.854 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (7) (c) Hearing. If a hearing is requested under par. (b) 1. c., the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request under par. (b) 1. c. The hearing shall be limited to a review of whether the obligor owes the amount of support owed that is stated in the notice of intent under par. (b) and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or the county child support agency is reasonable. If the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that an alternative payment arrangement offered by the department or county child support agency is not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall order the department not to proceed with the levy.

If the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that the obligor does not owe support or owes less than the amount claimed by the department, the court shall order the department not to proceed with the levy or specify the amount that may be retained by the department after the sale of the seized property. If a family circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this paragraph, the department or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action. The court reviewing the decision may order the department not to proceed with the levy of the property or may authorize the sale of the property by the department.

SECTION 35. 49.854 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.854 (7m) Jointly Held Property. A person, other than the obligor, who holds a joint interest in property levied against under this section may request a hearing, as provided in subs. (5) (d) 6m., (6) (b) 3m. or (7) (b) 1. d., to determine the proportion of the value of the property that is attributable to his or her net contribution to the property. If a hearing is requested under this subsection, the court or family circuit court commissioner shall schedule a hearing within 10 days after receiving the request. The hearing shall be limited to determining the proportion of the value of the property that is attributable to the person's net contribution to the property. If more than one person requests a hearing under this subsection, or if the obligor requests a hearing under sub. (5) (f), (6) (c) or (7) (c), with respect to the same property, the court or family circuit court commissioner may schedule the hearings together. The person requesting the hearing shall have the burden of proving his or her net contribution by clear and convincing evidence. If the court determines that a portion of the jointly held property is attributable to the contributions of the person,

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the court shall direct the department or the county child support agency to pay the person, from the net balance of the jointly held account or the net proceeds of the sale of the jointly held real or personal property, the proportion of the gross value of the account or real or personal property that is attributable to that person. If the family a circuit court commissioner conducts the hearing under this subsection, the person may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

Section 36. 49.855 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.855 (3) Receipt of a certification by the department of revenue shall constitute a lien, equal to the amount certified, on any state tax refunds or credits owed to the obligor. The lien shall be foreclosed by the department of revenue as a setoff under s. 71.93 (3), (6) and (7). When the department of revenue determines that the obligor is otherwise entitled to a state tax refund or credit, it shall notify the obligor that the state intends to reduce any state tax refund or credit due the obligor by the amount the obligor is delinquent under the support or maintenance order, by the outstanding amount for past support, medical expenses or birth expenses under the court order or by the amount due under s. 46.10 (4) or 301.12 (4). The notice shall provide that within 20 days the obligor may request a hearing before the circuit court rendering the order. Within 10 days after receiving a request for hearing under this subsection, the court shall set the matter for hearing. Pending further order by the court or family a circuit court commissioner, the department of workforce development or its designee, whichever is appropriate, is prohibited from disbursing the obligor's state tax refund or credit. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The sole issues at that hearing shall be whether the obligor

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owes the amount certified and, if not and it is a support or maintenance order, whether the money withheld from a tax refund or credit shall be paid to the obligor or held for future support or maintenance. An obligor may, within 20 days of receiving notice that the amount certified shall be withheld from his or her federal tax refund or credit, request a hearing under this subsection.

SECTION 37. 49.855 (4m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.855 (4m) (b) The department of revenue may provide a certification that it receives under sub. (1), (2m) or (2p) to the department of administration. Upon receipt of the certification, the department of administration shall determine whether the obligor is a vendor or is receiving any other payments from this state, except for wages, retirement benefits or assistance under s. 45.352, 1971 stats., s. 45.351 (1), this chapter or ch. 46, 108 or 301. If the department of administration determines that the obligor is a vendor or is receiving payments from this state, except for wages, retirement benefits or assistance under s. 45.352, 1971 stats., s. 45.351 (1), this chapter or ch. 46, 108 or 301, it shall begin to withhold the amount certified from those payments and shall notify the obligor that the state intends to reduce any payments due the obligor by the amount the obligor is delinquent under the support or maintenance order, by the outstanding amount for past support, medical expenses or birth expenses under the court order or by the amount due under s. 46.10 (4) or 301.12 (4). The notice shall provide that within 20 days after receipt of the notice the obligor may request a hearing before the circuit court rendering the order. An obligor may, within 20 days after receiving notice, request a hearing under this paragraph. Within 10 days after receiving a request for hearing under this paragraph, the court shall set the matter for hearing. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. Pending further order by the court or family

circuit court commissioner, the department of workforce development or its designee, whichever is appropriate, may not disburse the payments withheld from the obligor. The sole issues at the hearing are whether the obligor owes the amount certified and, if not and it is a support or maintenance order, whether the money withheld shall be paid to the obligor or held for future support or maintenance.

SECTION 38. 49.856 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.856 (4) If the obligor requests a hearing under sub. (3) (b), the circuit court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The only issue at the hearing shall be whether the person owes the delinquent payment or outstanding amount specified in the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b). A family circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing.

SECTION 39. 49.857 (2) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (2) (c) 1. The system shall provide for adequate notice to an individual who is delinquent in making court—ordered payments of support, an opportunity for the individual to make alternative arrangements for paying the delinquent support, an opportunity for the individual to request and obtain a hearing before a court or family circuit court commissioner as provided in sub. (3) and prompt reinstatement of the individual's license upon payment of the delinquent support or upon making satisfactory alternative payment arrangements.

SECTION 40. 49.857 (3) (ac) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.857 (3) (ac) 1. If an individual timely requests a hearing under par. (a) 5., the court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The only issues at the hearing shall be whether the individual is delinquent in making court—ordered payments of support and whether any alternative payment

arrangement offered by the department of workforce development or the county child support agency is reasonable.

- 2. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or family circuit court commissioner finds that the individual does not owe delinquent support, or if within 20 business days after receiving a notice under par. (a) the individual pays the delinquent amount in full or makes satisfactory alternative payment arrangements, the department of workforce development shall may not place the individual's name on a certification list.
- 3. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that alternative payment arrangements proposed by the department of workforce development or a child support agency are not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order for the individual an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the department of workforce development may not place the individual's name on a certification list.

SECTION 41. 49.857 (3) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

- 49.857 (3) (ar) 1. If an individual timely requests a hearing under par. (am) 5., the court shall schedule a hearing within 10 business days after receiving the request. The family A circuit court commissioner may conduct the hearing. The only issues at the hearing shall be whether the individual is delinquent in making court—ordered payments of support and whether any alternative payment arrangement offered by the department of workforce development or the county child support agency is reasonable.
- 2. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or family circuit court commissioner finds that the individual does not owe delinquent support, or if within 20 business

days after receiving a notice under par. (am) the individual pays the delinquent amount in full or makes satisfactory alternative payment arrangements, the department of workforce development shall remove the individual's name from the certification list.

3. If at a hearing under subd. 1. the court or family circuit court commissioner makes a written determination that alternative payment arrangements proposed by the department of workforce development or a child support agency are not reasonable, the court or family circuit court commissioner may order for the individual an alternative payment arrangement. If the court or family circuit court commissioner orders an alternative payment arrangement, the department of workforce development may not place the individual's name on a certification list.

SECTION 42. 49.858 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

49.858 (3) Review of family circuit court commissioner conducts a hearing in any administrative support enforcement proceeding under s. 49.852, 49.856 or 49.857, the department of workforce development or the obligor may, within 15 business days after the date that the family circuit court commissioner makes his or her decision, request review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the matter.

SECTION 43. 51.10 (4m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.10 (4m) (d) If a patient admitted under par. (a) 1. has not signed a voluntary admission application within 7 days after admission, the patient, the guardian ad litem and the physician who signed the admission request shall appear before the judge or a circuit court commissioner of the court assigned to exercise probate jurisdiction for the county in which the facility is located to determine whether the patient shall remain in the facility as a voluntary patient. If the judge or circuit court

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commissioner determines that the patient desires to leave the facility, the facility shall discharge the patient. If the facility has reason to believe the patient is eligible for commitment under s. 51.20, the facility may initiate procedures for involuntary commitment.

SECTION 44. 51.20 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (1) (c) The petition shall contain the names and mailing addresses of the petitioners and their relation to the subject individual, and shall also contain the names and mailing addresses of the individual's spouse, adult children, parents or guardian, custodian, brothers, sisters, person in the place of a parent and person with whom the individual resides or lives. If this information is unknown to the petitioners or inapplicable, the petition shall so state. The petition may be filed in the court assigned to exercise probate jurisdiction for the county where the subject individual is present or the county of the individual's legal residence. If the judge of the court or a circuit court commissioner who handles probate matters is not available, the petition may be filed and the hearing under sub. (7) may be held before a judge or circuit court commissioner of any circuit court for the county. For the purposes of this chapter, duties to be performed by a court shall be carried out by the judge of the court or a circuit court commissioner of the court who is an attorney and is designated by the chief judge to so act, in all matters prior to a final hearing under this section. The petition shall contain a clear and concise statement of the facts which constitute probable cause to believe the allegations of the petition. The petition shall be sworn to be true. If a petitioner is not a petitioner having personal knowledge as provided in par. (b), the petition shall contain a statement providing the basis for his or her belief.

SECTION 45. 51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	51.45 (12) (b) (intro.) The physician, spouse, guardian or a relative of the person
2	sought to be committed, or any other responsible person, may petition a circuit court
3	commissioner or the circuit court of the county in which the person sought to be
4	committed resides or is present for commitment under this subsection. The petition
5	shall:
6	Section 46. 51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	51.45 (12) (c) (intro.) Upon receipt of a petition under par. (b), the circuit court
8	commissioner or court shall:
9	SECTION 47. 51.45 (12) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	51.45 (12) (c) 1. Determine whether the petition and supporting affidavits
11	sustain the grounds for commitment and dismiss the petition if the grounds for
12	commitment are not sustained thereby. If the grounds for commitment are sustained
13	by the petition and supporting affidavits, the court or circuit court commissioner
14	shall issue an order temporarily committing the person to the custody of the county
15	department pending the outcome of the preliminary hearing under sub. (13) (d).
16	SECTION 48. 51.45 (13) (dm) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	51.45 (13) (dm) For the purposes of this section, duties to be performed by a
18	court shall be carried out by the judge of such court or a circuit court commissioner
19	of such court who is an attorney and is designated by the chief judge to so act, in all
20	matters prior to a final hearing under this subsection.
21	SECTION 49. 59.37 of the statutes is amended to read:
22	59.37 Service when no coroner. Whenever there is a vacancy in the office
23	of coroner, or when the coroner is absent from the county, sick or unable to perform
24	the duties of that office, or for any reason, except the nonpayment of legal fees,

refuses to serve and execute legal process against the sheriff in any action

commenced in any court of record within the county for which the coroner was or should have been elected, any judge of a court of record or <u>circuit</u> court commissioner of the county may, on proof of the vacancy, sickness, absence or refusal to serve and execute such process, by an order to be endorsed on such process and addressed to him or her, empower any citizen of the county in which such process is to be served and executed to serve and execute the same; and that order shall be sufficient authority to the person therein named to serve and execute such process with like powers, liabilities and fees as the coroner.

SECTION 50. 59.40 (2) (j) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.40 (2) (j) Keep a record called registers of officials and write or copy in the record in tabular form the names of <u>circuit and supplemental</u> court commissioners, deputy sheriffs, notaries public and municipal judges. The clerk shall list the officers' names, the dates of their qualification and the commencement and termination, if any, of their terms. The names shall be in alphabetical order or there shall be an index in alphabetical order to the names.

SECTION 51. 59.53 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.53 (5) (a) The board shall contract with the department of workforce development to implement and administer the child and spousal support and establishment of paternity and the medical support liability programs provided for by Title IV of the federal social security act. The board may designate by board resolution any office, officer, board, department or agency, except the clerk of circuit court, as the county child support agency. The board or county child support agency shall implement and administer the programs in accordance with the contract with the department of workforce development. The attorneys responsible for support enforcement under sub. (6) (a), family circuit court commissioner commissioners and

all other county officials shall cooperate with the county and the department of workforce development as necessary to provide the services required under the programs. The county shall charge the fee established by the department of workforce development under s. 49.22 for services provided under this paragraph to persons not receiving benefits under s. 49.148 or 49.155 or assistance under s. 46.261, 49.19 or 49.47.

SECTION 52. 59.64 (1) (c) (title), 1. (intro.) and 2. of the statutes are amended to read:

59.64 (1) (c) (title) Of circuit and supplemental court commissioners. 1. (intro.) Court Circuit and supplemental court commissioners shall, on or before the first Monday of November in each year, forward to the clerk of their respective counties a correct statement of all actions or proceedings had before them, during the immediately preceding year, in which the county became liable for costs. The statement shall include all of the following:

2. The clerk shall file the statements described in subd. 1. in his or her office. Any circuit or supplemental court commissioner who neglects to make and return the statements within the time prescribed in subd. 1. shall not receive any compensation from the county for any service rendered by him or her in any criminal case or proceeding during the year next preceding the time when the statement is required to be made and returned.

SECTION 53. 59.64 (1) (d) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.64 (1) (d) Of court officers; certification; audit by district attorney; waiver. (intro.) Fees of officers, in any action or proceeding before a circuit or supplemental court commissioner, shall be certified to and allowed by the board in the following manner:

1	SECTION 54. 59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	59.64 (1) (d) 1. (intro.) At least 10 days before the annual meeting of the board,
3	every circuit and supplemental court commissioner shall make and file with the clerk
4	a certified statement of all actions or proceedings had or tried before him or her
5	within the year next preceding the date of the statement in which the state was a
6	party and in which the county became liable for the fees of officers who appeared on
7	the part of either the state or a defendant. The statement shall include all of the
8	following:
9	Section 55. 59.64 (1) (d) 1m. (form) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	59.64 (1) (d) 1m. (form)
11	State of Wisconsin
12	v.
13	••••
14	IN CIRCUIT COURT FOR COUNTY
15	Complaint for
16	Before, Circuit or Supplemental Court Commissioner.
17	Heard the day of,(year)
18	To the County Board of County:
19	I hereby certify that in the foregoing entitled action the following named
20	persons rendered services and attended before me in the capacity stated. I further
21	certify that the following named persons are severally entitled to the amounts
22	specified below for services, attendance and travel, that the services were actually
23	and necessarily rendered, and that the action was prosecuted in good faith:

1	A.B (constable or sheriff), actually and necessarily traveled in serving
2	the herein, miles, and attended court days, and is entitled to \$ for other
3	just and lawful services in the cause, and in all is entitled to \$
4	Dated this day of, (year)
5	SECTION 56. 59.64 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	59.64 (1) (e) Fees for statements and certificates. Every circuit or supplemental
`7	court commissioner shall receive from the treasurer \$1 per page for making
8	statements and returns required by par. (c) and \$1 for making each certificate
9	required by par. (d). All such statements and certificates shall be transmitted to the
10	clerk by certified mail and for transmitting the statements and certificates the circuit
11	or supplemental court commissioner shall receive \$1.
12	SECTION 57. 59.64 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	59.64 (1) (f) Court Circuit and supplemental court commissioners. The board
14	at any session thereof may as provided in par. (d) 2. examine and allow any
15	statement, account or claim of any circuit or supplemental court commissioner which
16	is on file with the clerk before the opening of the session of the board.
17	SECTION 58. 59.64 (1) (g) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
18	59.64 (1) (g) 4. Any judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner, juror,
19	witness, interpreter, attorney, guardian ad litem or recipient of transcript fees who
20	makes, signs or endorses any such certificate or order which is untrue in respect to
21	anything material, which he or she knows to be false, or which he or she does not have
22	good reason to believe is true, shall be punished as provided in s. 946.12.
23	SECTION 59. 59.79 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	59.79 (5) FEE FOR CERTAIN MARRIAGE CEREMONIES. Enact an ordinance imposing
25	a fee to be paid in advance to the clerk for each marriage ceremony performed by a

judge or a <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner specified in	n s. $765.16(5)$ in the
courthouse, safety building or children's court center during hou	ırs when any office
in those public buildings is open for the transaction of business.	The amount of the
fee shall be determined by the board.	

SECTION 60. 63.03 (2) (z) of the statutes is amended to read:

63.03 (2) (z) Full-time Circuit court commissioners under s. 757.68 (1) employed on a full-time basis.

SECTION 61. 69.15 (3m) (a) 3. and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:

- 69.15 (3m) (a) 3. Except as provided in subd. 4, the person rescinding the statement files the document under subd. 2. before the day on which a court or family circuit court commissioner makes an order in an action affecting the family involving the man who signed the statement and the child who is the subject of the statement or before 60 days elapse after the statement was filed, whichever occurs first.
- 4. If the person rescinding the statement was under age 18 when the statement was filed, the person files the document under subd. 2. before the day on which a court or family circuit court commissioner makes an order in an action affecting the family involving the man who signed the statement as the father of the registrant and the child who is the subject of the statement or before 60 days elapse after the person attains age 18, whichever occurs first.

Section 62. 75.43 of the statutes is amended to read:

75.43 Election to receive deposit; costs. The county may, at any time within 20 days after receiving an answer showing that a deposit has been made by any defendant or defendants as provided in s. 75.42, give notice to such defendant or defendants that it elects to receive such deposit and that it will, at a time specified in such notice, apply to the clerk of the circuit court, circuit judge or a circuit court

commissioner to adjust the costs and disbursements which said defendant or defendants ought to pay, and that upon the payment of the costs and disbursements so adjudged the county will release to such defendant or defendants all right, title and claim which it has to the parcel or parcels of land on account of which such the deposit is made by virtue of any deed made for the nonpayment of taxes; and unless such the costs are paid within 20 days after the same shall have been so adjusted the clerk of the court shall, upon presentation of an affidavit showing the nonpayment thereof, enter judgment therefor in favor of the county and against the defendant, which shall be enforced as other money judgments.

Section 63. 101.02 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

101.02 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every power of an inquisitorial nature granted in this subchapter to the department, the same powers as a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner relative to depositions.

Section 64. 103.005 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

103.005 (5) (c) In the discharge of his or her duties such agent shall have every power of an inquisitorial nature granted in chs. 103 to 106 to the department, the same powers as a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner with regard to the taking of depositions and all powers granted by law to a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner relative to depositions.

SECTION 65. 133.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.10 (1) The examination of any party, or if a corporation or limited liability company be a party, of the president, secretary, other principal officer or the general managing agent thereof, or of the person who was such president, secretary, officer

or agent at the time of the occurrence of the facts made the subject of the examination, or of any person acting for another or for a corporation, limited liability company or partnership, other than as a witness on a trial, may be taken by deposition at the instance of the department of justice in any such action or proceeding at any time between the commencement thereof and final judgment. Such deposition shall be taken within the state before a judge at chambers or a supplemental court commissioner on previous notice to such party and any other adverse party or the attorney thereof of at least 5 days, and may be taken without the state.

SECTION 66. 133.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.11 (1) Whenever the attorney general files with any <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner a statement that the attorney general has reason to believe and does believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commissioner shall issue a subpoena or a subpoena requiring the production of materials as requested by the department of justice. Mileage or witness fees are not required to be paid in advance but claims for such mileage and fees duly verified and approved by the department of justice shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury and charged to the appropriation provided by s. 20.455 (1) (d), and shall be at the same rates as witnesses in the circuit court.

SECTION 67. 133.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

133.11 (3) The <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner shall be entitled to the fees as provided in s. 814.68 (1). All such fees and all other costs and expenses incident to the inquiry shall be paid out of the appropriation provided by s. 20.455 (1) (d).

SECTION 68. 171.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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171.04 (1) If any property delivered to any forwarding merchant, wharfinger or warehouse keeper, for carriage or storage, is in a state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage and decay, the person in whose custody the property is, the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact, and present the affidavit to a circuit judge or <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner for the county in which the property is located, and the circuit judge or <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner shall immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to immediately inspect the property, and directing him or her, if it is found to be in a state of decay or manifestly liable to immediate damage or decay, to summarily sell the property without notice.

SECTION 69. 171.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

171.04 (2) If the sheriff or constable, upon inspection, finds the property to be in a state of decay, or manifestly liable to immediate damage or decay, the sheriff or constable shall attach to the order his or her affidavit stating such fact, and shall make an inventory of the property, and shall summarily sell the property without notice, and shall make full return of the sheriff's or constable's execution of the order to the judge or supplemental court commissioner who issued the same, together with the sheriff's or constable's affidavit, inventory and the proceeds of said sale, after deducting the sheriff's or constable's fees therefrom.

SECTION 70. 171.04 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

171.04 (3) From the proceeds of such sale, the judge or <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, or a ratable proportion of each charge if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all the charges; and the balance, if any, the judge or <u>supplemental</u> <u>court</u> commissioner shall immediately pay over to the treasurer of the judge's or

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commissioner's county, with a copy of all the proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office.

SECTION 71. 171.05 of the statutes is amended to read:

171.05 Perishable property, held otherwise, how disposed of. If any property is perishable or subject to decay by keeping, the person in whose custody the property is, the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of this fact and present the affidavit to a circuit judge or supplemental court commissioner for the county in which the property is located, and the judge or supplemental court commissioner shall immediately make an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to immediately inspect the property, and if it is found to be perishable or subject to decay by keeping, to make and return an affidavit of this fact. Upon the return of this affidavit, the judge or supplemental court commissioner making the order shall immediately issue an order requiring the sheriff or constable to sell the property at public auction, giving notice of the time and place of the sale by publication of a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, and serving upon the consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the property, if they are known, a copy of the notice by mail. The sheriff or constable shall, at the time and place fixed by the notice, unless the property has been otherwise lawfully disposed of, sell the property at public auction, and shall make full return of his or her execution of the order, and return the same with an inventory of the property and the proceeds of the sale, after deducting his or her fees, to the judge or supplemental court commissioner making From the proceeds of the sale, the judge or supplemental court the order. commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, or a ratable proportion of each charge, if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all the charges; and the balance, if any, the judge or supplemental

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court commissioner shall immediately pay over to the treasurer of the county, with a copy of all the proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office. The person in whose custody the property is when the proceedings for the sale were commenced, shall immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in writing which shall be served by leaving a copy with the consignor and consignee personally or by mail.

SECTION 72. 171.06 of the statutes is amended to read:

171.06 Unclaimed property, how disposed of. When any property is not perishable or subject to decay and is not claimed and taken away within one year after it was received, it may be sold as follows: The person in whose custody the property is, or the person's agent or attorney, may make an affidavit of the facts and present the same to a judge or supplemental court commissioner of the county in which the property is located and such judge or supplemental court commissioner shall immediately issue an order requiring the sheriff or any constable of the county to sell the property at public auction, giving 60 days' notice of the time and place of the sale to the consignor, the consignee and the custodian of the property. This notice shall be in writing and served personally or by mail upon the persons whose names and residences are known. If the name or residence of any of the persons is unknown and cannot be ascertained with reasonable diligence, the sheriff or constable shall make an affidavit of this fact and shall publish a class 3 notice, under ch. 985, in the county. At the time and place of the sale the sheriff or constable shall sell the property at public auction and shall make a full return of the sheriff's or constable's proceedings under the order to the judge or supplemental court commissioner issuing the order, together with proof of service or publication of the notice of the sale, and an inventory of the property sold and the proceeds of the sale after deducting the

sheriff's or constable's fees. From the proceeds of the sale the judge or <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner shall pay all legal charges that have been incurred in relation to the property, including the charges of the person in whose custody the property was when the proceedings were begun, or a ratable proportion of each charge if the proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to pay all of the charges; and the balance, if any, the. The judge or <u>supplemental court</u> commissioner shall immediately pay <u>any</u> <u>balance remaining</u> over to the treasurer of his or her county, with a copy of all proceedings in the matter. The county treasurer shall file the copy in his or her office. The person in whose custody the property is when any proceeding for the sale is commenced, shall immediately notify the consignor and consignee of the sale, in writing, and served by leaving a copy thereof with the consignor and consignee, personally or by mail.

SECTION 73. 196.24 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.24 (2) In the discharge of his or her duties, an agent appointed under sub.

(1) shall have any inquisitional power granted to the commission and the power of a <u>supplemental</u> court commissioner to take depositions under s. 757.69 (3) 757.675 (2) (b).

SECTION 74. 196.675 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.675 (3) This section does not apply to <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioners.

SECTION 75. 563.71 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

563.71 (1) (a) Whenever the attorney general files with a circuit or supplemental court commissioner a statement that the attorney general believes that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commissioner shall issue a subpoena for any person requested or named by the attorney general. Mileage and witness fees

. 1	need not be paid in advance, but only verified claims for mileage and fees which are
2	approved by the attorney general shall be paid out of the state treasury and charged
3	to the appropriation under s. $20.455(1)(d)$ and shall be the same rates as those paid
4	witnesses in circuit court.
5	SECTION 76. 563.71 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	563.71 (1) (c) The supplemental court commissioner shall be entitled to the fees
7	under s. 814.68 (1). All such fees and all other costs and expenses incident to such
8	inquiry shall be paid out of the appropriation under s. 20.455 (1) (d).
. 9	SECTION 77. 753.175 of the statutes is repealed.
10	SECTION 78. 757.001 of the statutes is created to read:
11	757.001 Definitions. In this chapter:
12	(1) "Circuit court commissioner" means a person appointed under SCR 75.02
13	(1) and a supplemental court commissioner authorized under SCR 75.02 (3) to the
14	limited extent of that authorization.
15	(2) "Supplemental court commissioner" means a person appointed under s.
16	757.675 (1).
17	SECTION 79. 757.01 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
18	757.01 (4) To exercise any of the powers and duties of a circuit court
19	commissioner.
20	SECTION 80. 757.23 of the statutes is amended to read:
21	757.23 Court commissioner, when disqualified. A municipal court
22	commissioner, a. circuit, or supplemental court commissioner, or any judge acting as
23	a court commissioner, shall not act or take part in the decision of, or make any order
24	in any matter or proceeding in which he or she is a party, or in which his or her rights
25	would be in any manner affected by his or her decision or order thereon, or in which

he or she is interested, or in which his or her law partner, or any person connected with him or her as employer, employee or clerk, or in the law business in any manner, shall be interested or appear as a party, agent, attorney or counsel. Any municipal court commissioner, circuit, or supplemental court commissioner or judge, acting as a court commissioner, violating this section shall forfeit \$25 for each violation, and shall also be subject to removal from office.

SECTION 81. 757.24 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.24 Liability of judicial officers. Circuit judges and circuit and supplemental court commissioners shall be held personally liable to any party injured for any wilful willful violation of the law in granting injunctions and appointing receivers, or for refusing to hear motions to dissolve injunctions and to discharge receivers if the motions are made in accordance with law or such rules as are promulgated by the supreme court.

SECTION 82. 757.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.30 (2) Every person who appears as agent, representative or attorney, for or on behalf of any other person, or any firm, partnership, association or corporation in any action or proceeding in or before any court of record, circuit or supplemental court commissioner, or judicial tribunal of the United States, or of any state, or who otherwise, in or out of court, for compensation or pecuniary reward gives professional legal advice not incidental to his or her usual or ordinary business, or renders any legal service for any other person, or any firm, partnership, association or corporation, shall be deemed to be practicing law within the meaning of this section.

SECTION 83. 757.675 (title) of the statutes is created to read:

757.675 (title) Supplemental court commissioners.

SECTION 84. 757.68 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	757.68	(title)	Court	Circuit	court	commissioners.
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SECTION 85. 757.68 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

757.68 (1) Subject to subs. (2m) to (5m), in every county organized for judicial purposes, the county board shall establish the number of circuit court commissioner positions necessary for the efficient administration of judicial business within the circuit courts of the county. The circuit court commissioners may be employed on a full—time or part—time basis. Chapter 75 of the supreme court rules shall govern the qualifications for, and appointment, supervision, training, evaluation, and discipline of, circuit court commissioners. Any person qualified and acting as a judicial court commissioner on August 1, 1978, shall be considered a circuit court commissioner and shall continue in the classified county civil service but any person appointed as a court commissioner after August 1, 1978, shall be in the unclassified civil service. Each circuit court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any duty of the office.

SECTION 86. 757.68 (2) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 87. 757.68 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (1) and amended to read:

757.675 (1) In each county the circuit judges shall appoint such number of part—time supplemental court commissioners as the proper transaction of business requires subject to the following exception; except that in counties having a population of 200,000 or more each judge may appoint not more than 2 such supplemental court commissioners and in counties having a population of less than 200,000 each judge shall, as nearly as possible, appoint an equal number of supplemental court commissioners within the county. In all counties the

appointments shall be subject to the approval of a majority of the circuit judges for
the county. Appointments shall be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the
clerk of the circuit court. All $\underline{\text{supplemental}}$ court commissioners appointed after May
16, 1978, other than official court reporters acting under s. 814.68 (1) (b) performing
duties or exercising powers specified for court reporters, shall be attorneys licensed
to practice in this state. The appointing judge may remove, at will and without cause,
any supplemental court commissioner appointed by the judge or the judge's
predecessor in office. Unless he or she is so removed, the term of each <u>supplemental</u>
court commissioner shall continue until the expiration of the term of the appointing
judge and until the successor of the commissioner is appointed and qualified. Each
supplemental court commissioner shall take and file the official oath in the office of
clerk of the circuit court of the county for which appointed before performing any
duty of the office.

SECTION 88. 757.68 (3), (4) and (5) (title) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 89. 757.68 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (6) and amended to read:

757.675 **(6)** Part_time Supplemental court commissioners appointed under sub. (2) (1) shall collect the fees prescribed in s. 814.68 (1).

SECTION 90. 757.68 (5m) of the statutes is created to read:

757.68 (5m) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, the county board shall establish at least one circuit court commissioner position on a full-time basis to assist in small claims matters under ch. 799. In counties having a population of less than 500,000, the county board may establish one or more circuit court commissioner positions on a part-time or full-time basis to assist in small claims matters under ch. 799.

1	SECTION 91. 757.68 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
2	757.68 (6) The county board shall set the salary of persons appointed as circuit
3	court commissioners. The county board shall furnish circuit court commissioners
4	with necessary office space, furnishings, supplies, and services.
5	SECTION 92. 757.68 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
6	757.68 (7) The chief judge of the judicial administrative district may assign law
7	clerks, bailiffs, and deputies to a circuit court commissioner. The chief judge shall
8	supervise those law clerks, bailiffs, and deputies assigned to the court, except that
9	the chief judge may delegate that authority.
10	Section 93. 757.69 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	757.69 (title) Powers and duties of circuit court commissioners.
12	SECTION 94. 757.69 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read
13	757.69 (1) (intro.) A circuit court commissioner may:
14	SECTION 95. 757.69 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	757.69 (1) (b) In criminal matters issue summonses, arrest warrants or search
16	warrants and, determine probable cause to support a warrantless arrest, conduct
17	initial appearances of persons arrested and, set bail to the same extent as a judge
18	At the initial appearance, the court commissioner shall, when necessary, inform the
19	defendant in accordance with s. 970.02 (1). If the defendant appears or claims to be
20	unable to afford counsel, the court commissioner, in accordance with s. 970.02 (6)
21	may, and refer the person to the authority for indigency determinations specified
22	under s. 977.07 (1). If the court commissioner is a full-time A circuit court
23	commissioner , he or she employed on a full-time basis may conduct the preliminary
24	examination and arraignment to the same extent as a judge and, with the consent
25	of both the state and the defendant, may accept a guilty plea. If a court refers a

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1	disputed restitution issue under s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4., the <u>circuit</u> court commissioner
2	shall conduct the hearing on the matter in accordance with s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4.

- **SECTION 96.** 757.69 (1) (g) of the statutes is renumbered 757.69 (1) (g) (intro.) 4 and amended to read:
 - 757.69 (1) (g) (intro.) When assigned to the assist a court assigned jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938, a court commissioner may, under ch. 48 or 938, issue in juvenile matters:
 - 1. Issue summonses and warrants, order.
 - 2. Order the release or detention of children or expectant mothers of unborn children taken into custody, conduct.
 - 3. Conduct detention and shelter care hearings, conduct.
- 12 4. Conduct preliminary appearances, conduct.
- 5. Conduct uncontested proceedings under ss. s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12, 938.13 13 14 and, or 938.18, enter.
 - 6. Enter into consent decrees and exercise.
 - 7. Exercise the powers and perform the duties specified in par. (j) or (m), whichever is applicable, in proceedings under s. 813.122 or 813.125 in which the respondent is a child. Contested waiver hearings under s. 938.18 and dispositional hearings under ss. 48.335 and 938.335 shall be conducted by a judge. When acting in an official capacity and assigned to the children's court center, a court commissioner shall sit at the children's court center or such other facility designated by the chief judge. Any decision by the commissioner shall be reviewed by the judge of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon motion of any party. Any determination, order or ruling by the commissioner may be certified to the

1	branch of court to which such case has been assigned upon a motion of any party for
2	a hearing de novo.
3	Section 97. 757.69 (1) (g) 8. to 13. of the statutes are created to read:
4	757.69 (1) (g) 8. Conduct hearings under s. 48.21 or 938.21 and thereafter order
5	a child or juvenile held in or released from custody.
6	9. Conduct hearings under s. 48.213 and thereafter order an adult expectant
7	mother of an unborn child to be held in or released from custody.
8	10. Conduct plea hearings.
9	11. Conduct prehearing conferences.
10	12. Issue orders requiring compliance with deferred prosecution agreements.
11	13. Conduct all proceedings on petitions or citations under s. 938.125.
12	SECTION 98. 757.69 (1) (j) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	757.69 (1) (j) Hold hearings, make findings and issue temporary restraining
14	orders under s. 813.122 <u>or 813.123</u> .
15	SECTION 99. 757.69 (1) (k) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
16	757.69 (1) (k) Administer oaths, take, certify, and report depositions and
17	testimony, take and certify acknowledgments, allow accounts, and fix the amount
18	and approve the sufficiency of bonds.
19	SECTION 100. 757.69 (1) (m) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	757.69 (1) (m) Hold hearings, make findings, and issue temporary restraining
21	orders <u>and injunctions</u> under s. <u>813.12 or</u> 813.125.
22	SECTION 101. 757.69 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
23	757.69 (1m) Circuit court commissioners assigned to assist a court in juvenile
24	matters shall sit at the children's court center, the usual court facility for juvenile

1	matters, or such other facility designated by the chief judge of the judicial
2	administrative district. Those commissioners may not do any of the following:
3	(a) Conduct fact-finding or dispositional hearings except on petitions or
4	citations under s. 938.125 and except as provided in sub. (1) (g) 5.
5	(b) Make dispositions other than approving consent decrees, ordering
6	compliance with deferred prosecution agreements and ordering dispositions in
7	uncontested proceedings under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12, or 938.13.
8	(c) Conduct hearings for the termination of parental rights or for adoptions.
9	(d) Make changes in placements of children, of juveniles, or of the expectant
10	mothers of unborn children, or revisions or extensions of dispositional orders, except
11	pursuant to petitions or citations under s. 938.125 and in uncontested proceedings
12	under s. 48.13, 48.133, 938.12, or 938.13.
13	(e) Conduct hearings, make findings, or issue orders in proceedings under s.
14	48.977 or 48.978.
15	(f) Conduct waiver hearings under s. 938.18, except as provided in sub. (1) (g)
16	5.
17	(g) Make any dispositional order under s. 938.34 (4d), (4h), or (4m).
18	SECTION 102. 757.69 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	757.69 (2) (intro.) A judge may refer to a <u>circuit</u> court commissioner appointed
20	under s. 48.065, 757.68, 757.72, 767.13 or 938.065 cases in which:
21	SECTION 103. 757.69 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	757.69 (2) (a) The trial of an issue of fact requires the examination of an
23	account, in which case the circuit court commissioner may be directed to report upon
24	any specific question of fact involved therein.

SECTION 104. 757.69 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	757.69 (2m) Circuit court commissioners may exercise, under their own
2	authority, all of the powers listed under s. 757.675 (2) to (5).
3	SECTION 105. 757.69 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (2), and 757.675
4	(2) (intro.) and (g), as renumbered, are amended to read:
5	757.675 (2) (intro.) Court Supplemental court commissioners appointed under
6	s. 48.065, 757.68, 757.72, 767.13 or 938.065 may, under their own authority:
7	(g) Except as provided in s. 767.13 (5) (c) <u>757.69 (1) (p) 3.</u> , conduct a paternity
8	proceeding according to the procedures set out in ch. 767 whenever a circuit court
9	commissioner is specifically authorized to do so.
10	SECTION 106. 757.69 (4) and (5) of the statutes are renumbered 757.675 (3) and
. 11	(4) and amended to read:
12	757.675 (3) In addition to the duties expressly set forth in sub. (3) (2) (a) to (e)
13	(i), a supplemental court commissioner may perform other ministerial duties as
14	required by a court.
15	(4) A supplemental court commissioner may transfer to a court any matter in
16	which it appears that justice would be better served by such a transfer.
17	SECTION 107. 757.69 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
18	Section 108. 757.69 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 757.675 (5) and amended
19	to read:
20	757.675 (5) A supplemental court commissioner shall refer to a court of record
21	for appropriate action every alleged showing of contempt in the carrying out of the
22	lawful decisions of the supplemental court commissioner.
23	SECTION 109. 757.69 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
24	757.69 (8) Any decision of a circuit court commissioner shall be reviewed by the
25	judge of the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon motion of any

party. Any determination, order, or ruling by a circuit court commissioner may be
certified to the branch of court to which the case has been assigned, upon a motion
of any party for a hearing de novo.

- SECTION 110. 757.695 of the statutes is repealed.
- 5 Section 111. 757.70 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 757.70 (2) All hearings before a <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner shall be held in the county courthouse or other court facilities provided by law. This provision does not apply to nontestimonial proceedings, supplementary hearings on the present financial status of a debtor under s. 757.69 (3) 757.675 (2) (h) or depositions taken before a <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner.
 - SECTION 112. 757.72 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
 - SECTION 113. 757.72 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 757.68 (4m) and amended to read:

757.68 (4m) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, there is created in the classified civil service a circuit court commissioner position to supervise the office of probate court commissioner and to assist the court in probate matters. In counties having a population of at least 100,000 but not more than 500,000, the county board may create a circuit court commissioner position to supervise the office of probate court commissioner which and to assist in probate matters. That position may be in the classified civil service. If the chief judge delegates that authority to a judge assigned to probate jurisdiction, that judge may assign to the circuit court commissioner any matters over which the judge has jurisdiction, and the circuit court commissioner may determine such matters and may sign any order or certificate required by that determination.

SECTION 114. 757.72 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

1	SECTION 115. 757.72 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
2	SECTION 116. 757.72 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
3	SECTION 117. 757.72 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 851.73 (1) (g) and
4	amended to read:
5	851.73 (1) (g) The register in probate of a county shall Shall have the duties and
6	powers of a circuit court commissioner assigned to assist in probate matters and shall
7	act in that capacity when designated to do so by a judge assigned probate jurisdiction
8	SECTION 118. 757.72 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
9	SECTION 119. 757.72 (7) of the statutes is repealed.
10	Section 120. 757.72 (8) of the statutes is repealed.
11	SECTION 121. 757.81 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
12	SECTION 122. 757.81 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	757.81 (6) "Permanent disability" means a physical or mental incapacity which
14	impairs the ability of a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner to
15	substantially perform the duties of his or her judicial office and which is or is likely
16	to be of a permanent or continuing nature.
17	SECTION 123. 757.85 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	757.85 (1) (a) The commission shall investigate any possible misconduct or
19	permanent disability of a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner.
20	Misconduct constitutes cause under article VII, section 11, of the constitution
21	Except as provided in par. (b), judges, circuit or supplemental court commissioners,
22	clerks, court reporters, court employes and attorneys shall comply with requests by
23	the commission for information, documents and other materials relating to an
24	investigation under this section.
25	SECTION 124. 757.85 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (1) (b) The judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner who is
under investigation is not subject to the request procedure under par. (a) but is
subject to the subpoena procedure under sub. (2).

SECTION 125. 757.85 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (3) The commission may notify a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner that the commission is investigating possible misconduct by or permanent disability of the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner. Before finding probable cause, the commission shall notify the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner of the substance of the complaint or petition and afford the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner a reasonable opportunity to respond. If the judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner responds, the commission shall consider the response before it finds probable cause.

SECTION 126. 757.85 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (4) The commission may require a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner who is under investigation for permanent disability to submit to a medical examination arranged by the commission.

SECTION 127. 757.85 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.85 (5) The commission shall, upon a finding of probable cause that a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner has engaged or is engaging in misconduct, file a formal complaint with the supreme court. Upon a finding of probable cause that a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner has a permanent disability, the commission shall file a petition with the supreme court. If the commission requests a jury under s. 757.87 (1), the request shall be attached to the formal complaint or the petition.

SECTION 128. 757.87 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.87 (1) After the commission has found probable cause that a judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner has engaged in misconduct or has a permanent disability, and before the commission files a formal complaint or a petition under s. 757.85 (5), the commission may, by a majority of its total membership not disqualified from voting, request a jury hearing. If a jury is not requested, the matter shall be heard by a panel constituted under sub. (3). The vote of each member on the question of a jury request shall be recorded and shall be available for public inspection under s. 19.35 after the formal complaint or the petition is filed.

SECTION 129. 757.89 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.89 Hearing. A record shall be kept of any hearing on a formal complaint or a petition. The allegations of the complaint or petition must be proven to a reasonable certainty by evidence that is clear, satisfactory and convincing. The hearing shall be held in the county where the judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner resides unless the presiding judge changes venue for cause shown or unless the parties otherwise agree. If the hearing is by a panel, the panel shall make findings of fact, conclusions of law and recommendations regarding appropriate discipline for misconduct or appropriate action for permanent disability and file the findings, conclusions and recommendations with the supreme court. If a jury hearing is requested under s. 757.87 (1), the presiding judge shall instruct the jury regarding the law applicable to judicial misconduct or permanent disability, as appropriate. The presiding judge shall file the jury verdict and his or her recommendations regarding appropriate discipline for misconduct or appropriate action for permanent disability with the supreme court.

SECTION 130. 757.93 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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757.93 (1) (a) All proceedings under ss. 757.81 to 757.99 relating to misconduct or permanent disability prior to the filing of a petition or formal complaint by the commission are confidential unless a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner waives the right to confidentiality in writing to the commission. Any such waiver does not affect the confidentiality of the identity of a person providing information under par. (b).

SECTION 131. 757.93 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (1) (b) Any person who provides information to the commission concerning possible misconduct or permanent disability may request that the commission not disclose his or her identity to the judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner prior to the filing of a petition or a formal complaint by the commission.

SECTION 132. 757.93 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (2) If prior to the filing of a formal complaint or a petition an investigation of possible misconduct or permanent disability becomes known to the public, the commission may issue statements in order to confirm the pendency of the investigation, to clarify the procedural aspects of the disciplinary proceedings, to explain the right of the judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner to a fair hearing without prejudgment, to state that the judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner denies the allegations, to state that an investigation has been completed and no probable cause was found or to correct public misinformation.

SECTION 133. 757.93 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

757.93 (4) (a) Referring to the director of state courts information relating to an alleged delay or an alleged temporary disability of a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner.

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Section 134. 757.95 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.95 Temporary suspension by supreme court. The supreme court may, following the filing of a formal complaint or a petition by the commission, prohibit a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner from exercising the powers of a judge or <u>circuit or supplemental</u> court commissioner pending final determination of the proceedings.

SECTION 135. 757.99 of the statutes is amended to read:

757.99 Attorney fees. A judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner against whom a petition alleging permanent disability is filed by the commission shall be reimbursed for reasonable attorney fees if the judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner is found not to have a permanent disability. A judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner against whom a formal complaint alleging misconduct is filed by the commission and who is found not to have engaged in misconduct may be reimbursed for reasonable attorney fees. Any judge or circuit or supplemental court commissioner seeking recovery of attorney fees authorized or required under this section shall file a claim with the claims board under s. 16.53.

SECTION 136. 765.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.11 (1) If any parent, grandparent, child, or natural guardian of a minor applicant for a marriage license, any brother, sister or guardian of either of the applicants for a marriage license, either of the applicants, the district attorney or the family a circuit court commissioner believes that the statements of the application are false or insufficient, or that the applicants or either of them are incompetent to marry, that person may file with the court having probate jurisdiction in the county in which the marriage license is applied for, a petition under oath, setting forth the

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grounds of objection to the marriage and asking for an order requiring the parties making such application to show cause why the marriage license should not be refused. Whereupon, the court, if satisfied that the grounds of objection are prima facie valid, shall issue an order to show cause as aforesaid, returnable as the court directs, but not more than 14 days after the date of the order, which shall be served forthwith upon the applicants for the marriage license residing in the state, and upon the clerk before whom the application has been made, and shall operate as a stay upon the issuance of the marriage license until further ordered; if either or both of the applicants are nonresidents of the state the order shall be served forthwith upon the nonresident by publication of a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, in the county wherein the application is pending, and by mailing a copy thereof to the nonresident at the address contained in the application.

SECTION 137. 765.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

765.11 (2) If, upon hearing, the court finds that the statements in the application are wilfully willfully false or insufficient, or that either or both of said parties are not competent in law to marry, the court shall make an order refusing the marriage license, and shall immediately report such matter to the district attorney. If said falseness or insufficiency is due merely to inadvertence, then the court shall permit the parties to amend the application so as to make the statements therein true and sufficient, and upon application being so amended, the marriage license shall be issued. If any party is unable to supply any of the information required in the application, the court may, if satisfied that such inability is not due to wilfulness willfulness or negligence, order the marriage license to be issued notwithstanding such insufficiency. The costs and disbursements of the proceedings under this

. т	section shall rest in the discretion of the court, but none shall be taxed against any
2	district attorney or family circuit court commissioner acting in good faith.
3	SECTION 138. 765.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	765.16 (5) Any family court commissioner appointed under s. 767.13 or circuit
5	court commissioner appointed under SCR 75.02 (1) or supplemental court
6	commissioner appointed under s. 757.68 <u>757.675 (1)</u> .
7	SECTION 139. 767.045 (1) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	767.045 (1) (c) (intro.) The attorney responsible for support enforcement under
, 9	s. 59.53 (6) (a) may request that the court or family a circuit court commissioner
10	appoint a guardian ad litem to bring an action or motion on behalf of a minor who
11	is a nonmarital child whose paternity has not been acknowledged under s. 767.62 (1)
12	or a substantially similar law of another state or adjudicated for the purpose of
13	determining the paternity of the child, and the court or family circuit court
14	commissioner shall appoint a guardian ad litem, if any of the following applies:
15	SECTION 140. 767.081 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	767.081 (title) Information from the office of family court commissioner.
17	SECTION 141. 767.081 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	767.081 (1) Upon the filing of an action affecting the family, the office of family
19	court commissioner shall inform the parties of any services, including referral
20	services, offered by the office of family court commissioner and by the director of
21	family court counseling services under s. 767.11.
22	SECTION 142. 767.081 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	767.081 (2) (a) (intro.) The office of family court commissioner shall, with or
24	without charge, provide the party with written information on the following, as
25	appropriate to the action commenced:

1	SECTION 143. 767.081 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	767.081 (2) (b) The office of family court commissioner shall provide a party,
3	for inspection or purchase, with a copy of the statutory provisions in this chapter
4	generally pertinent to the action.
5	SECTION 144. 767.083 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	767.083 (2) An order by the court, after consideration of the recommendation
7	of the family a circuit court commissioner, directing an immediate hearing on the
8	petition for the protection of the health or safety of either of the parties or of any child
9	of the marriage or for other emergency reasons consistent with the policies of this
10	chapter. The court shall upon granting such order specify the grounds therefor.
11	SECTION 145. 767.085 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	767.085 (1) (i) If the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (h) or (i),
13	that during the pendency of the action, without the consent of the other party or an
14	order of the court or family a circuit court commissioner, the parties are prohibited
15	from, and may be held in contempt of court for, encumbering, concealing, damaging,
16	destroying, transferring or otherwise disposing of property owned by either or both
17	of the parties, except in the usual course of business, in order to secure necessities
18	or in order to pay reasonable costs and expenses of the action, including attorney fees.
19	SECTION 146. 767.085 (1) (j) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	767.085 (1) (j) (intro.) Unless the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (g) or (h), that
21	during the pendency of the action, the parties are prohibited from, and may be held
22	in contempt of court for, doing any of the following without the consent of the other
23	party or an order of the court or family a circuit court commissioner:
24	SECTION 147. 767.085 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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767.085 (3) Service. If only one party initiates the action, the other shall be served under ch. 801 and may serve a response or counterclaim within 20 days after the date of service, except that questions of jurisdiction may be raised at any time prior to judgment. Service shall be made upon the petitioner and upon the family circuit court commissioner as provided in s. 767.14, and the original copy of the response shall be filed in court. If the parties together initiate the action with a joint petition, service of summons is not required.

SECTION 148. 767.087 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.087 (1) (b) If the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (h) or (i), encumbering, concealing, damaging, destroying, transferring or otherwise disposing of property owned by either or both of the parties, without the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family a circuit court commissioner, except in the usual course of business, in order to secure necessities or in order to pay reasonable costs and expenses of the action, including attorney fees.

SECTION 149. 767.087 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.087 (1) (c) Unless the action is one under s. 767.02 (1) (g) or (h), without the consent of the other party or an order of the court or family a circuit court commissioner, establishing a residence with a minor child of the parties outside the state or more than 150 miles from the residence of the other party within the state, removing a minor child of the parties from the state for more than 90 consecutive days or concealing a minor child of the parties from the other party.

SECTION 150. 767.087 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.087 (2) The prohibitions under sub. (1) shall apply until the action is dismissed, until a final judgment in the action is entered or until the court or family a circuit court commissioner orders otherwise.

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1	SECTION 151. 767.11 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	767.11 (1) (c) A county or counties may designate a the supervisor of the office
3	of family court commissioner as the director under par. (a) or (b).
4	SECTION 152. 767.11 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	767.11 (5) (a) In any action affecting the family, including a revision of
6	judgment or order under s. 767.32 or 767.325, in which it appears that legal custody
7	or physical placement is contested, the court or family circuit court commissioner
8	shall refer the parties to the director of family court counseling services for possible
9	mediation of those contested issues. The court or the family circuit court
10	commissioner shall inform the parties that the confidentiality of communications in
11	mediation is waived if the parties stipulate under sub. (14) (c) that the person who
12	provided mediation to the parties may also conduct the legal custody or physical
13	placement study under sub. (14).
14	SECTION 153. 767.11 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	767.11 (5) (b) If both parties to any action affecting the family wish to have joint
16	legal custody of a child, either party may request that the court or family circuit court
17	commissioner to refer the parties to the director of family court counseling services
18	for assistance in resolving any problem relating to joint legal custody and physical
19	placement of the child. Upon request, the court shall so refer the parties.
20	SECTION 154. 767.11 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	767.11 (5) (c) A person who is awarded periods of physical placement, a child
22	of such a person, a person with visitation rights or a person with physical custody of
23	a child may notify the family a circuit court commissioner of any problem he or she

has relating to any of these matters. Upon notification, the family circuit court

commissioner may refer any person involved in the matter to the director of family court counseling services for assistance in resolving the problem.

SECTION 155. 767.11 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (6) ACTION UPON REFERRAL. Whenever a court or family circuit court commissioner refers a party to the director of family court counseling services for possible mediation, the director shall assign a mediator to the case. The mediator shall provide mediation if he or she determines it is appropriate. If the mediator determines mediation is not appropriate, he or she shall so notify the court. Whenever a court or family circuit court commissioner refers a party to the director of family court counseling services for any other family court counseling service, the director shall take appropriate action to provide the service.

SECTION 156. 767.11 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (7) PRIVATE MEDIATOR. The parties to any action affecting the family may, at their own expense, receive mediation services from a mediator other than one who provides services under sub. (3). Parties who receive services from such a mediator shall sign and file with the director of family court counseling services and with the court or family circuit court commissioner a written notice stating the mediator's name and the date of the first meeting with the mediator.

SECTION 157. 767.11 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.11 (13) POWERS OF COURT OR FAMILY CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONER. Except as provided in sub. (8), referring parties to mediation under this section does not affect the power of the court or family a circuit court commissioner to make any necessary order relating to the parties during the course of the mediation.

Section 158. 767.115 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 (1) (a) At any time during the pendency of an action affecting the family in which a minor child is involved and in which the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that it is appropriate and in the best interest of the child, the court or family circuit court commissioner, on its own motion, may order the parties to attend a program specified by the court or family circuit court commissioner concerning the effects on a child of a dissolution of the marriage.

SECTION 159. 767.115 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 (1) (b) At any time during the pendency of an action to determine the paternity of a child, or an action affecting the family for which the underlying action was an action to determine the paternity of a child, if the court or family circuit court commissioner determines that it is appropriate and in the best interest of the child, the court or family circuit court commissioner, on its own motion, may order either or both of the parties to attend a program specified by the court or family circuit court commissioner providing training in parenting or coparenting skills, or both.

SECTION 160. 767.115 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 (1m) A program under sub. (1) shall be educational rather than therapeutic in nature and may not exceed a total of 4 hours in length. The parties shall be responsible for the cost, if any, of attendance at the program. The court or family circuit court commissioner may specifically assign responsibility for payment of any cost. No facts or information obtained in the course of the program, and no report resulting from the program, is admissible in any action or proceeding.

SECTION 161. 767.115 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.115 (2) Notwithstanding s. 767.07, the court or family circuit court commissioner may require the parties to attend a program under sub. (1) as a

1	condition to the granting of a final judgment or order in the action affecting the
2	family that is pending before the court or family circuit court commissioner.
3	SECTION 162. 767.115 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	767.115 (4) (a) At any time during the pendency of a divorce or paternity action,
5	the court or family circuit court commissioner may order the parties to attend a class
6	that is approved by the court or family circuit court commissioner and that addresses
7	such issues as child development, family dynamics, how parental separation affects
8	a child's development and what parents can do to make raising a child in a separated
9	situation less stressful for the child.
10	Section 163. 767.115 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	767.115 (4) (b) The court or family circuit court commissioner may not require
12	the parties to attend a class under this subsection as a condition to the granting of
13	the final judgment or order in the divorce or paternity action, however, the court or
14	family circuit court commissioner may refuse to hear a custody or physical placement
15	motion of a party who refuses to attend a class ordered under this subsection.
16	SECTION 164. 767.115 (4) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
17	767.115 (4) (c) 2. If the court or family circuit court commissioner finds that a
18	party is indigent, any costs that would be the responsibility of that party shall be paid
19	by the county.
20	SECTION 165. 767.12 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	767.12 (1) PROCEEDINGS. In actions affecting the family, all hearings and trials
22	to determine whether judgment shall be granted, except hearings under s. $767.13(5)$
23	757.69 (1) (p) 3., shall be before the court. The testimony shall be taken by the
24	reporter and shall be written out and filed with the record if so ordered by the court.
25	Custody proceedings shall receive priority in being set for hearing.

SECTION 166. 767.125 of the statutes is amended to read:

767.125 Order for appearance of litigants. Unless nonresidence in the state is shown by competent evidence, service is by publication, or the court shall for other good cause otherwise order, both parties in actions affecting the family shall be required to appear upon the trial. An order of the court or family a circuit court commissioner to that effect shall accordingly be procured by the moving party, and shall be served upon the nonmoving party before the trial. In the case of a joint petition the order is not required.

SECTION 167. 767.13 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 168. 767.13 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 757.68 (2m) (a) and amended to read:

757.68 (2m) (a) Counties other than Milwaukee. 1. 'Appointment.' In each county, except in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, the circuit judges for the county, subject to the approval of the chief judge of the judicial administrative district, shall, by order filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court on or before the first Monday of July of each year, appoint some reputable attorney of recognized ability and standing at the bar as the a circuit court commissioner to supervise the office of family court commissioner for the county.

2. 'Powers; civil service; oath; temporary appointment; assistants.' The family court commissioner, by virtue of the office and to the extent required for the performance of the duties, has the powers of a court commissioner. The circuit court commissioner appointed to supervise the office of family court commissioner is in addition to the maximum number of circuit court commissioners permitted by s.757.68 sub. (1). The circuit court commissioner supervising the office of the family court commissioner, or any assistant circuit court commissioner assisting in family